

TRANSITION
SERVICES DEFINED

“Transition services” means a coordinated set of activities for a child with a disability that:

1. Is designed to be within a results-oriented process, that is focused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the child to facilitate the child’s movement from school to post-school activities, including postsecondary education, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation.
2. Is based on the individual child’s needs, taking into account the child’s strengths, preferences, and interests.
3. Includes instruction, related services, community experiences, the development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and functional vocational evaluation.

20 U.S.C. 1401(34); 34 CFR 300.43

INDIVIDUAL
TRANSITION
PLANNING

Beginning not later than the first individualized education program (IEP) to be in effect when a student turns 14 (or younger, if determined appropriate by the admission, review, and dismissal [ARD] committee), and updated annually, the student’s IEP shall include:

1. Appropriate, measurable post-secondary goals based on age appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment and, where appropriate, independent living skills; and
2. The transition services, including courses of study, needed to assist the child in reaching these goals.

If a participating agency other than the District fails to provide the transition services described in the IEP, the district shall reconvene the ARD committee to identify alternative strategies to meet the transition objectives.

[See EHBAB regarding membership of ARD committee for transition services meetings]

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(A)(i)(VIII), 1414(d)(6); 34 CFR 300.320(b); Education Code 29.0111

GRADUATION

Graduation with a regular high school diploma under 19 Administrative Code 89.1070(b)(1), (2), or (4) terminates a student’s eligibility for special education services. For students who receive a diploma according to 19 Administrative Code 89.1070(b)(3), the ARD committee shall determine needed educational services upon

the request of the student or parent to resume services, as long as the student meets the age requirements. [See EHBAA]

Graduation from high school with a regular diploma constitutes a change in placement that requires written prior notice to parents.

The District is not required to conduct an evaluation before termination of eligibility due to graduation from secondary school with a regular high school diploma or due to exceeding the age eligibility for a FAPE under state law.

The District shall provide the child with a summary of the child's academic achievement and functional performance, which shall include recommendations on how to assist the child in meeting the child's postsecondary goals.

[See EIF]

20 U.S.C. 1414(c)(5); 34 CFR 300.305(e)(2); 19 TAC 89.1070