Note: In addition to the Education Code, the Election Code, and other applicable laws, the district remains subject to Art. 2783d, V.A.T.S.

Eligibility

To be eligible to be a candidate for, or elected or appointed to, the office of school board member, a person must:

1. Be a United States citizen.
2. Be 18 years of age or older on the first day of the term to be filled at the election or on the date of appointment, as applicable.
3. Have not been determined by a final judgment of a court exercising probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated or partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote.
4. Have not been finally convicted of a felony from which the person has not been pardoned or otherwise released from the resulting disabilities.
5. Have resided continuously in the state for 12 months and in the territory from which the office is elected for six months immediately preceding the following date:
   a. For an independent candidate, the date of the regular filing deadline for a candidate’s application for a place on the ballot.
   b. For a write-in candidate, the date of the election at which the candidate’s name is written in.
   c. For an appointee to an office, the date the appointment is made.
6. Be registered to vote in the territory from which the office is elected on the date described at item 5, above.

Election Code 1.020, 141.001(a); Education Code 11.065(b); Gov’t Code 601.009; Brown v. Patterson, 609 S.W.2d 287 (Tex. Civ. App.—Dallas 1980, no writ); Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 14

Qualified Voter

A person may not be elected trustee of the district unless the person is a qualified voter. Education Code 11.061(b)

“Qualified voter” means a person who:

1. Is 18 years of age or older;
2. Is a United States citizen;
3. Has not been determined by a final judgment of a court exercising probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated or partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote;


5. Is a resident of this state; and

6. Is a registered voter.

_Election Code 1.020, 11.002_

“Residence” means domicile, one’s home and fixed place of habitation to which one intends to return after any temporary absence; one does not lose one’s residence status by leaving to go to another place for temporary purposes only. A person does not acquire a residence in a place to which the person has come for temporary purposes only and without the intention of making that place the person’s home. Residence shall be determined in accordance with the common-law rules, as enunciated by the courts of this state, except as otherwise provided by the Election Code. _Election Code 1.015_

_Single-Member Districts_

All persons elected shall reside and have their permanent place of residence within the trustee district from which elected. Residence within the trustee district from which a person seeks to be a candidate at the time of filing for office shall be a prerequisite to filing. _Art. 2783d, V.A.T.S._

_Note:_ The issue of whether a candidate has satisfied residency requirements should be judicially determined. _State v. Fischer, 769 S.W.2d 619 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1989, writ dism’d w.o.j)_

_Redistricting_

The board of a district that adopts a redistricting plan under Education Code 11.052 may provide for the trustees in office when the plan is adopted or the district is redistricted to serve for the remainder of their terms in accordance with Education Code 11.053.

The trustee district and any at-large positions shall be filled as the staggered terms of trustees then in office expire. Not later than the 90th day before the date of the first election from trustee districts and after each redistricting, the board shall determine the order in which the positions will be filled.

Ineligibility

A person is ineligible to serve as a member of the board of a district if the person has been convicted of an offense under Penal Code 43.02(b) (regarding prostitution). *Education Code 11.066*