

Public Servants	All college district employees are public servants and therefore subject to Title 8 of the Penal Code, regarding offenses against public administration, including bribery and corrupt influence (Chapter 36), perjury and other falsification (Chapter 37), obstructing governmental operation (Chapter 38), and abuse of office (Chapter 39). [See DBD and BBFA] <i>Penal Code 1.07(a)(41), Title 8</i>
Low-THC Cannabis	A municipality, county, or other political subdivision, including a college district, may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, resolution, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, production, dispensing, or possession of low-THC cannabis, as authorized by Health and Safety Code Chapter 487.201. <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>
Hemp	A municipality, county, or other political subdivision of this state, including a college district, may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, resolution, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, handling, transportation, or sale of hemp as authorized by Agriculture Code Chapter 122. <i>Agriculture Code 122.002</i>
Dextromethorphan	A political subdivision of this state, including a college district, may not adopt or enforce an ordinance, order, rule, regulation, or policy that governs the sale, distribution, or possession of dextromethorphan. An ordinance, order, rule, regulation, or policy described by this section is void and unenforceable. <i>Health and Safety Code 488.005</i>
Drug and Alcohol Abuse Program	A person other than an individual shall not receive a grant from a Federal agency unless the person agrees to provide a drug-free workplace by:
Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of the prohibition [see DI(EXHIBIT)];2. Establishing a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace; the grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace; available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and the penalties that may be imposed on employees for drug abuse violations;3. Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by item 1;4. Notifying the employee in the statement required by item 1 that as a condition of employment in the grant the employee

will abide by the terms of the statement; and notify the employer of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five days after the conviction;

5. Notifying the granting agency within ten days after receiving notice under item 4 from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of a conviction;
6. Imposing a sanction on, or requiring the satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program by, any employee who is convicted, as required by 41 U.S.C. 8104; and
7. Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through the implementation of items 1 to 6.

41 U.S.C. 8103(a)(1)

**Sex Offender
Registration**

Not later than the later of the seventh day after the date on which the person begins to work or the first date the applicable authority by policy allows the person to register, a person required to register under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62 who is employed or carries on a vocation at a public or private institution of higher education in this state shall report that fact to:

1. The authority for campus security for that institution; or
2. If an authority for campus security for that institution does not exist the local law enforcement authority of:
 - a. The municipality in which the institution is located; or
 - b. The county in which the institution is located, if the institution is not located in a municipality.

The person described above shall provide the authority for campus security or the local law enforcement authority all information the person is required to provide under Code of Criminal Procedure 62.051(c). The person shall notify the authority for campus security or the local law enforcement authority not later than the seventh day after the date of termination of the person's status as a worker at the institution.

The authority for campus security or the local law enforcement authority shall promptly forward to the administrative office of the institution any information received from the person under Code of Criminal Procedure 62.153 and any information received from the Texas Department of Public Safety under Code of Criminal Procedure 62.005.

This section does not impose the requirements of public notification or notification to public or private primary or secondary schools on:

1. An authority for campus security; or
2. A local law enforcement authority, if those requirements relate to a person about whom the authority is not otherwise required by Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62 to make notifications.

[See also GCA]

Code of Criminal Procedure 62.153(a)–(d), (f)

**Public Information
on a Privately-
Owned Device**

A current or former officer or employee of a governmental body who maintains public information on a privately-owned device shall:

1. Forward or transfer the public information to the governmental body or a governmental body server to be preserved as provided by Government Code 552.004(a); or
2. Preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the privately-owned device for the time described under Government Code 552.004(a).

Gov't Code 552.004(b) [See CIA and GCB]